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|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/519,720 | 12/30/2004 | Chishio Hosokawa | 28955.1044 | 7491 |
| 27890 STEPTOE & J | 7590 12/31/2007 OHNSON LLP | | EXAMINER | |
| 1330 CONNEC | CTICUT AVENUE, N.W. | | NGUYEN, TRAM HOANG | |
| WASHINGTON, DC 20036 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| ~~• | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | |
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| • . | 10/519,720 | HOSOKAWA ET AL. | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | |
| | Tram H. Nguyen | 2818 | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timulated and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | |
| Status | | | | |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Octoors</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under Expression in the practice of the pract | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | | |
| Disposition of Claims 8, 12 - 15 | | | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2,9-11,16 and 18-20 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) 3-8,12-15 is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2,9-11,16 and 18-20 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11. | epted or b) objected to by the bedrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/08/2007. | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | ate | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

In response to the communications dated 11/08/2007, claims 1, 2, 9-11, 16, and 18-20 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1,2,9,10,11,16,18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hosokawa (US 6,379,824), in view of Bach et al. "Determination of Ionization Potentials of Aluminum Oxides via Charge Transfer" Chemistry Division/Code 6110, Navel Research Laboratory, Washington DC 20375-5000

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(Received: April 24, 1991; In Final Form: May 30, 1991), and further in view of Mishima (JP 2002056976)

Regarding **claim 1**, Hosokawa discloses an organic luminescence device comprising: an anode (see fig. 1, item 10); an insulating or semiconductive inorganic thin film layer (12 is made of aluminum oxide, see col. 4, lines 48-55) having an energy gap of 2.7 eV or more (It is well known in the art that the energy gap of aluminum oxide, Al₂O₃ is 5 eV); an organic compound layer (14) comprising one or more layers which comprise at least an organic emitting layer (col. 4, lines 5-6); and a cathode (16).

However, Hosokawa differs from the claimed invention by not showing aluminum oxide having an ionization energy of more than 5.6 eV.

Bach et al. show the ionization potential of aluminum oxide, Al_2O_3 is 8.9 \pm 0.2 eV (see table II).

Since both Hosokawa and Bach et al. teach an aluminum oxide compound, it would have been obvious to have the aluminum oxide of Bach et al. in Hosokawa because it improves the charge transfer characteristics of the device.

Hosokawa and Bach et al. do not teach at least one of the layers containing an ortho-metallized metal complex. However, Mishima teaches an organic luminescent device having an organic layer made of ortho-metallized metal complex (see Solution). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skills in the art at the time the invention was made to include one of the layer containing an ortho-metallized metal complex in the organic luminescence device as taught Mishima in the device of

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Hosokawa and Bach et al. in order to have high brilliance and excellent luminous efficiency.

Regarding **claim 2**, Hosokawa and Mishima disclose all the limitation of the claimed invention for the same reasons as set-forth above. Besides, Hosokawa teaches the inorganic thin film layer comprises one or more metals or compounds selected from metals, metal calcogenides, oxynitrides, carbides, nitrides, silicides and borides (see col. 4, paragraphs 9 and 10).

Regarding **claim 9**, Hosokawa and Mishima disclose all the limitation of the claimed invention for the same reasons as set-forth above except for the metals are two or more metals comprising one or more metals selected from the following A group; and one or more metals selected from the following B group; A group: In, Sn, Ga, Si, Ge, Zn, Cd, Mg, Al, Ta and Ti; B group: metals having a work function of 4.5 eV or more. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the metals are two or more metals comprising one or more metals selected from the following A group; and one or more metals selected from the following B group; A group: In, Sn, Ga, Si, Ge, Zn, Cd, Mg, Al, Ta and Ti; B group: metals having a work function of 4.5 eV or more, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

Regarding **claim 10**, Hosokawa and Mishima disclose all the limitation of the claimed invention for the same reasons as set-forth above except for the metals in the B

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group are atoms belonging to any one of the groups IIIB, IVB, VB, VIB and VIIB in the periodic table (long period type). However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the metals in the B group are atoms belonging to any one of the groups IIIB, IVB, VB, VIB and VIIB in the periodic table (long period type), since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

Regarding claim 11, Hosokawa and Mishima disclose all the limitation of the claimed invention for the same reasons as set-forth above except for the metals in the B group are Au, Ni, Cr, Ir, Nb, Pt, W, Mo, Ta, Pd, Ru, Ce, V, Zr, Re, Bi and Co. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the metals in the B group are Au, Ni, Cr, Ir, Nb, Pt, W, Mo, Ta, Pd, Ru, Ce, V, Zr, Re, Bi and Co, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

Regarding **claim 16**, Hosokawa and Mishima disclose all the limitation of the claimed invention for the same reasons as set-forth above. Besides, Hosokawa teaches the inorganic thin film layer has a hole-injecting property (see col.4, paragraph 7).

Regarding **claim 18**, Hosokawa and Mishima disclose all the limitation of the claimed invention for the same reasons as set-forth above. Besides, Mishima teaches the ortho-metallized metal complex is an iridium complex (see Mishima: Solution).

Regarding **claim 19**, Hosokawa and Mishima disclose all the limitation of the claimed invention for the same reasons as set-forth above except for the organic emitting layer comprises a polymer compound as a host material. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the organic emitting layer comprising a polymer compound as a host material in the organic luminescence structure as taught by Hosokawa in order to provide a good bondability.

Regarding claim 20, Hosokawa and Mishima disclose all the limitation of the claimed invention for the same reasons as set-forth above except for the claimed organic luminescence device is arranged on the plastic substrate. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to include a plastic substrate in the organic luminescence device as disclosed by Hosokawa since it was well-known in the art that the plastic substrate is one of preferable substrate material due to its characteristics of good mechanical strength, less permeability of moisture and oxygen.

Conclusion

A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 (three) months and 0 (zero) day from the day of this letter. Failure to respond within the period for response will cause the application to become abandoned (see M.P.E.P 710.02(b)).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tram Hoang Nguyen whose telephone number is (571)272-5526. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30 AM – 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Loke can be reached on (571)272-1657. The fax numbers for all communication(s) is (703)872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571)272-1625.

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STEVEN LOKE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER